

HEALTH  
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MILNROW URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH  
FOR THE YEAR 1948.

TO THE HEALTH COMMITTEE OF THE URBAN DISTRICT OF MILNROW.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour of presenting my twentieth Annual Report of the Health of the Urban District of Milnrow, and shall commence by placing before you the General Statistics from which this report is formed.

Population

The estimated population of 1948 is 8418 with an acreage of 5,194 acres. The census of 1931 gave the number of inhabited houses to be 2,574, and the number of families or separate occupiers 2,575. The census of 1931 gave the total population as 8,623.

The rateable value of the District is £50563 and the sum represented by the Penny Rate £197.

The population is industrial and is occupied mainly with cotton spinning, the engineering trade and the wool trade, none of which has any peculiar influence on the public health.

VITAL STATISTICS

	<u>Total</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
Births in 1948	145	73	72
Deaths in 1948	117	59	58
Deaths in infants under one year	9	5	4
Still Births	5	5	-

Rates per 1,000 of population

	Birth Rate	Crude Death Rate	Phthisis Death Rate	Cancer Death Rate	Rate of Deaths under 1 year to 1000 Births	Maternal Mortality Rate per 1000 Live and Still Births
1948	17.2	13.8	Nil	1.54	62	6.66
1947	20.0	13.5	0.24	2.29	30	Nil
Mean of (Five Years) (1943-1947)	17.4	13.5	0.27	2.18	46	1.49
Increase or decrease in 1948 on 5 years average 1943-1947	-0.2	+0.3	-0.27	-0.64	+16	+5.17
Previous year difference	-2.8	+0.3	-0.24	-0.75	+32	+6.66



VITAL STATISTICS OF WHOLE OF DISTRICT  
DURING 1948 AND PREVIOUS YEARS

Year	Population estimated to middle of each year	Births		Deaths		Infantile Deaths under 1 year		Maternal Mortality	
		No.	Rate	No.	Rate		Rate	Deaths	Rate
1932	8645	97	11.3	113	15.5	6	61	Nil	
1933	8460	117	13.8	133	15.7	7	59	Nil	
1934	8446	113	13.3	119	14.1	5	44	Nil	
1935	8406	98	11.6	121	14.3	8	81	1	9.7
1936	8287	95	11.4	110	13.2	2	21	1	10.2
1937	8058	96	11.9	117	14.5	4	41	Nil	
1938	8033	98	12.1	110	13.6	6	61	Nil	
1939	8375	105	12.5	126	15.1	5	47	2	18.3
1940	8072	118	14.6	116	14.3	3	25	1	8.06
1941	7895	117	14.8	115	14.5	5	42	Nil	
1942	7663	110	14.3	90	11.7	6	54	Nil	
1943	7520	116	15.4	108	14.3	9	77	Nil	
1944	7661	129	16.8	97	12.6	2	15.5	1	7.75
1945	7671	131	17.0	111	14.4	9	68	Nil	
1946	8134	147	18.0	105	12.9	6	40	Nil	
1947	8290	166	20.0	112	13.5	5	50	Nil	
1948	8418	145	17.2	117	13.2	9	62	1	6.66

Birth Rate

In 1948 the Live Births belonging to this District were 73 males and 72 females.

The Birth Rate in 1948 was	17.2
The Birth Rate for 1947 was	20.0
The decrease in 1948 on the previous year was	2.8
The Birth Rate for England and Wales in 1948 was	17.9

Death Rate

In 1948 the deaths belonging to this District were 59 males and 58 females.

The death rate for 1948 was	13.8
The death rate for 1947 was	13.5
The increase in 1948 on the previous year was	0.3
The death rate for England and Wales in 1948 was	10.8

In 1948 the registered births exceeded the deaths by 28  
In 1947 the registered births exceeded the deaths by 54

During the year 47 people belonging to the District died outside it

Birch Hill Hospital	33
Rochdale Infirmary	7
Crompton	1
Boundary Park Hospital	1
Oldham Infirmary	1
Marland Hospital	1
Royal Manchester Childrens Hosp.	1
Rochdale	2

47

[illegible]

Figure 1 consists of three line graphs, (a), (b), and (c), showing the effect of temperature on the growth of *E. coli* O157:H7. The x-axis for all graphs is 'Time (h)' ranging from 0 to 12. The y-axis is 'Log CFU' ranging from 0 to 10. Each graph shows six data series corresponding to different temperatures: 10°C (open circles), 15°C (open squares), 20°C (open triangles), 25°C (open diamonds), 30°C (filled circles), and 35°C (filled squares). In all three graphs, growth is minimal at 10°C, 15°C, and 20°C, and increases significantly at 25°C, 30°C, and 35°C. The growth is most rapid at 35°C, reaching a plateau of approximately 10 log CFU by 12 hours.



The causes of death were

Syphilitic diseases	1
Influenza	1
Measles	1
Cancer of buc. cav.	2
Cancer of Stomach and duodenum	1
Cancer of Breast	1
Cancer of all other sites	9
Diabetes	3
Intracranial vascular lesions	13
Heart Diseases	25
Other diseases of circulatory system	17
Bronchitis	8
Pneumonia	4
Other respiratory diseases	1
Ulcer of stomach or duodenum	1
Appendicitis	1
Other digestive diseases	1
Nephritis	6
other Maternal causes	1
Premature Birth	5
Congenital malformation and birth injury	2
Suicide	5
Road Traffic Accidents	1
Other violent causes	1
All other causes	6
	---
	117

### Infantile Mortality.

During 1948 there were 9 deaths of infants under one year the causes of death being :-

Axphyxia	1
Broncho-Pneumonia	2
Prematurity	5
Axphyxia Pallida	1

The Infantile Mortality Rate in 1948 was	46
The Infantile Mortality Rate in 1947 was	30
The increase in 1948 on the previous year was	16
The Maternal Mortality during 1948 was	1.49
The Maternal Mortality during 1947 was	Nil
The Infantile Mortality Rate for England and Wales was	31

Causes of Infectious Diseases notified during  
Year, 1948

[illegible]



There were 127 cases with 2 deaths

The Death rate for Pulmonary T.B. in 1948 was 0.27  
The Death rate for Pulmonary T.B. in 1947 was 0.24  
The Death rate for Cancer in 1948 was 2.18  
The Death rate for Cancer in 1947 was 2.29

There were 127 children immunised during the year,  
101 pre school children and 26 school children.

On the 5th July the National Health Service Act was put into operation and the Lancashire County Council have divided their area into 17 administrative divisions. Milnrow is in number 13 District which is composed of Bacup, Heywood, Littleborough, Milnrow, Wardle and Whitworth.

The present services are :-

#### Maternity and Child Welfare

Clinic. There is a Maternity and Child Welfare clinic (Consultation) open every Thursday, 2-0 to 4-0 p.m. at 1 Wesley Street, Milnrow.

A clinic and Treatment centre is also held there.

Ante Natal Cases attend clinic in Rochdale by arrangements or 1 Wesley Street when the clinic is open every Wednesday afternoon.

Midwifery Domiciliary midwifery is carried out by midwives under the control of the Lancashire County Council.

Home Helps There are two home helps in the district.

Cleansing Centre Cases requiring treatment are treated at the Cleaning Centre in Rochdale.

Immunisation Clinics are held monthly at the Maternity and Child Welfare Centre on the first Wednesday in every month.

Ambulance Facilities The Ambulance service is now administered by the Lancashire County Council and the Ambulance Station is at Littleborough.

#### INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Since the 5th July, 1948 the Littleborough, Milnrow and Wardle Joint Hospital Board has ceased to function and the hospital is now administered by the Regional Hospital Board.

I am, Gentlemen,  
Yours obediently,

O. R. I. LOVE, M.D., D.P.H.

[illegible]

CHEN, J.      10/21/2011

• 21.3.2017 - Donnerstag - 10.03.2017 - 10.03.2017



MUNICIPALITY OF  
**URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL**  
**ANNUAL REPORT OF THE SANITARY INSPECTOR FOR THE YEAR 1948**

To the Chairman and Members of the Health Committee of the Urban District Council.

Gentlemen,

I have much pleasure in submitting to you my fourth Annual Report of the sanitary conditions of the district.

As mentioned in my previous report the major problem is still lack of housing accommodation. Progress in the erection and completion of houses during the latter portion of the year has, I am pleased to report, been speeded up.

The number of houses to be erected under the present contract is 116.

The position at the end of the year was :-

NUMBER OF HOUSES TENANTED	46
Brickwork up to ground floor	10
Brickwork 5'0" above ground floor	8
Brickwork first floor level	2
Brickwork to roof level	6
Houses Slated (including houses tenanted)	90
	<u>116</u>
	<u>==</u>

The position with regard to the new houses tenanted at the end of the year was :-

No. of houses occupied		Adults		Children under 10 years		Total.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
39	Exservicemen	51	55	28	32	79	87
7	Not Exservice-men	13	13	5	7	18	20
46		64	68	33	39	97	107

Also during the year 8 families totalling 35 people were rehoused in other Council houses.


In addition to the above the Council agreed to allow exchange of houses from non-Council houses to council houses and several exchanges have taken place.

The number of families rehoused during the year was 54 totalling 239 people.

As a result of a review of the housing applications carried out at the instigation of the Ministry of Health the number of live applications is now 549;  
In lodgings 193 families; tenants 356 families.

These applications have been classified according to the types of houses required for the present needs of the applicants.

No. requiring 2 Bedroom type	431
" " 3 " "	95
" " 4 " "	5
" " 6 " "	16
" " Bungalows	16
	<u>549</u>
	<u>==</u>



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It would appear from the above classification that there is a greater need for houses of the two bedroom type.

Also many of the old people desirous of obtaining a bungalow reside in houses much too big for their needs and would if moved to a bungalow relieve accommodation for families.

Some of the houses which have been kept in occupation owing to the housing shortage have now reached the stage when they should be considered for closure and demolition and I suggest that in conjunction with the housing of the population the re-housing of the worst cases should be considered in the near future.

During the year the new refuse vehicle has been delivered to replace the old one, but owing to the amount of refuse being collected and the reduced hours worked by the men it is difficult with one vehicle to maintain a satisfactory collection. It has been necessary at times to assist the refuse vehicle by placing another vehicle on refuse collection.

As the housing programme proceeds, and as the houses become tenanted the problem is becoming aggravated. It is being kept under observation and every effort is being made to provide a satisfactory service.

A waste paper salvage drive was held during September, the target set was 5 tons. The amount collected was 9 tons 18 cwts 2 qurs. almost double the target.

#### HOUSING STATISTICS FOR 1948.

Number of houses erected during the year :-

By other bodies or persons	
(a) With State assistance	2
(b) Number in course of erection under Council scheme. Total number of houses to be erected under present contract.	116

The housing position at the end of the year was :-

Number of houses tenanted	46
Brickwork up to ground floor	10
Brickwork 5'0" above ground floor	8
Brickwork up to first floor level	2
Brickwork up to roof level	6
Houses slated (including houses tenanted)	<u>90</u>
	<u>116</u>

#### I. Inspection of Dwellinghouses during the year.

1a. Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	269
1b. Number of inspections made for the purpose	269
2a. Number of dwellinghouses (including under sub-heading (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under Housing Regulations 1925-1932	Nil
2b. Number of inspections made for the purpose	Nil
3. Number of dwelling houses found to be in such a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation.	2
4. Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceeding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonable fit for human habitation.	129





## II REMEDY OF DEFECTS DURING THE YEAR WITHOUT THE SERVICE OF FORMAL NOTICES

Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or its Officers.

102

## III. ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR

- a. Proceedings under Section 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936.
- b. Number of dwellinghouses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs.

NIL

## IV. HOUSING ACT 1936 - PART IV - OVERCROWDING

- a. (i) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year.

6

- (ii) Number of families dwelling therein.

12

- (iii) Number of persons dwelling therein

54

- b. Number of cases of overcrowding reported during the year.

4

- c. (i) Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year.

4

- (ii) Number of persons concerned in such cases

31

## PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS.

The total number of houses inspected during the year was 396. Of this total 127 houses were inspected owing to the occurrence of infectious diseases. The remaining inspections were made on account of general defects, overcrowding etc.

Other inspections made are shown on Table A and nuisances agated in Table B.

There were 103 informal notices issued and one statutory notice served.

## WATER SUPPLY

The main supply is provided by Rochdale and Oldham Corporations and is a direct supply to the houses.

The difficulty of pressure in certain high areas of the district has been slightly improved, but is still insufficient at certain times. The condition of the water is still not satisfactory the discolouration at times being very bad. The Health Committee have asked for a special report to be presented to them on the condition of the water services supplied by the Rochdale Corporation.

There are no stand pipes in the district.

Of the 2976 houses in the district 2778 are supplied from the mains. The houses not receiving mains water are those scattered throughout the District where a water main is not available, and are farms, farm cottages and small hamlets.

During the year two schemes for the provision of mains water to 3 farms have been completed. Another scheme for the

Section 1  
The first part of the document is devoted to a general description of the project and its objectives. It is intended to provide a clear and concise summary of the work that has been carried out to date.

Section 2  
In this section, the results of the initial investigations are presented. These include a detailed analysis of the data collected during the first phase of the study, and a comparison of these results with the theoretical predictions.

Section 3  
The third section describes the methods used in the experiment, and the results of the measurements. It includes a discussion of the accuracy of the measurements, and the factors that may have influenced the results.

Section 4  
In this section, the results of the experiment are compared with the theoretical predictions. It is found that the experimental results are in good agreement with the theory, and that the model used in the calculations is valid.

Section 5  
The fifth section discusses the implications of the results, and the conclusions that can be drawn from the study. It also includes a list of references to the literature, and a summary of the work that has been carried out.

Section 6  
The final section of the document is a conclusion, which summarizes the main findings of the study, and the conclusions that have been drawn. It also includes a list of references to the literature, and a summary of the work that has been carried out.

Section 7  
This section contains a list of references to the literature, and a summary of the work that has been carried out. It is intended to provide a clear and concise summary of the work that has been carried out to date.

Section 8  
The eighth section of the document is a conclusion, which summarizes the main findings of the study, and the conclusions that have been drawn. It also includes a list of references to the literature, and a summary of the work that has been carried out.

Section 9  
The final section of the document is a conclusion, which summarizes the main findings of the study, and the conclusions that have been drawn. It also includes a list of references to the literature, and a summary of the work that has been carried out.

provision of main water to a farm has been approved by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries and the contract let.

A scheme for the laying of a water main to supply the premises in Lower Lane has been submitted and it is hoped that this will be proceeded with at an early date.

#### RATS AND MICE INFESTATIONS

This problem has received attention during the year 164 visits have been made for rats and mice infestations.

The Council tip and Sewage works are visited periodically and baiting carried out.

A test bait of the sewers was carried out 23 manholes were baited. I am pleased to report that no bait was taken.

There were no cases of infestation of a serious nature.

#### SCAVENGING.

The Sanitary accommodation at the end of the year was :-

Fresh Water closets	2522
Waste Water closets	71
Pail closets	226
Ashbins	2201

10 new W.C.'s have been installed and 2 pail closets converted.

Part of the scheme for the conversion of pail closets and the provision of plant to deal with the sewage at one factory has been completed. Plans for the completion of the other part of the scheme are being prepared.

100 ashbins have been renewed and 53 additional bins provided.

#### DRAINAGE

All drainage work carried out has been inspected including the drainage on the council housing estate.

#### REFUSE TIP, COLLECTION, AND SALVAGE

All household refuse is collected by one refuse collection vehicle and is disposed of by controlled tipping on the Council tip.

Salvage work has continued during the year, the amount collected being

	Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.
Waste paper	57	1	1
Rags	1	10	0
Bones		10	0
Scrap metal	6	16	0
Kitchen waste	93	10	2

Kitchen waste is collected and taken to the Rochdale Corporation Cleansing Department for sterilization and manufactured into pig food.





## FACTORIES

There are 50 factories in the district, 44 mechanical and 6 non-mechanical. These are made up as follows :-

### Mechanical Factories.

11 Cotton Spinners	4 Bleaching & Dyeing Industries
2 Waste Mills	1 Surgical Cotton Manufacturer
1 Flannel Manufacturer	1 Quarry
1, Paper Tube Manufacturer	4 Joiners
4 Engineering Works	7 Bakehouses
1 Woodwork Machinists	2 Boot & Shoe repairers
1 Laundry	3 Garages
1 Brickworks	

### Non-Mechanical Factoriers

3 Bakehouses	3 Plumbers
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During the year 65 visits were made to factories re sanitary accommodation, canteens and boiler plant.

## FOOD PREPARING PREMISES AND FOOD SHOPS

There are 21 bakehouses and 45 visits have been made to these premises. The general standard of cleanliness is good.

The ovens at these bakehouses are heated by gas, electricity and solid fuel, 8 gas, 2 electric and 11 solid fuel.

## FOOD SHOPS

There are 15 Butchers shops, 11 Fried Fish and Chip shops, 25 Grocery and Provisions, 21 Confectioners, 13 Green-grocery and Fish, 4 Ice Cream retailers and 1 Blood Pudding manufacturer.

94 visits have been made to food preparing premises and food shops. Improvements have been carried out at some of the premises. A good standard of cleanliness has been maintained.

## POTTED MEAT

Investigation were carried out regarding Potted Meat supplied to retailers in the district which has been manufactured from meat obtained from a knackers yard. It was found that 10 shops had been supplied with the Potted Meat and full particulars were forwarded to the authority in which the meat had been manufactured.

## ICE CREAM

There are 4 retailers of ice cream in the district each has refrigerator containers.

## CANTEENS

7 inspections have been made to factory canteens. The premises were clean and satisfactory and the storage and handling of food satisfactory.



During the year one new canteen has been constructed and another is in course of construction.

### LICENSED PREMISES

18 visits have been made to licensed premises regarding cleanliness and sanitary accommodation. The premises were clean and satisfactory, facilities for washing glasses adequate. In many of these premises a detergent is used in the cleaning of glasses.

### MILK

#### DAIRIES, COWSHEDS AND MILKSHOPS

There are 84 cowkeepers in the District, of these 61 are dairy farmers.

Producer retailer	45
Wholesale	17
Dairymen	2
Number of milkshops	20

During the year 246 visits were paid to farms.

One new shippon and loose boxes have been constructed and a new dairy is in course of construction.

Plans have been prepared and submitted for the erection of a new shippon and dutch barn and a new dairy.

The number of licences to produce "Accredited" milk is 3.

#### SAMPLES TAKEN DURING THE YEAR

	No. Taken	T.B.		Methy Blue		Colif.	
		N.	P.	S.	N.S.	S.	N.S.
Accredited Farms	12	11	-	12	-	11	1

One sample submitted for T.B. examination was spoiled, the guinea pig dying.

	No. taken	T. B.	
		N.	P.
Dairy Farms	8	7	1

The positive sample was dealt with by the Divisional Inspector of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

One cow was slaughtered under the T.B. Order.

### SCHOOLS MILK

All milk supplied to the schools is now 'Pasteurised' and supplied in 1/3rd pint bottles with straws.

#### SCHOOL SAMPLES

No. taken	T. B.		Methylene Blue		Coliform test	
	N.	P.	S.	U.S.	S.	U.S.
12	-	-	11	-	11	-

Three of the samples were submitted for T.B. examination the experiments were spoiled, the guinea pigs dying.





## FOOD AND DRUGS

During the year the County Sampling Officer took 32 formal samples of milk for quality and 6 informal samples of Sterilized and Pasteurised milk and 1 "Appeal to Cow" sample.

Of the milk samples taken 1 contained 3.3% extraneous water and one 27% deficient in milk fat.

Court proceedings were instituted, the farmer concerned with the milk containing 3.3% extraneous water was fined £20, £2.2s.0d. Analysts Fee and £3.3s.0d. Advocates Fee and £5. for obstruction, the farmer concerned with the milk 27% deficient in milk fat was fined £10, £2.2s.0d. Analysts Fee and £3.3s.0d. Advocates fee.

20 Informal samples were taken :-

Cooking fat	2
Cheese	2
Butter	2
Margarine	2
Tea	4
Sterilized milk	1
Sacharine Tablets	1
Candid melon	1
Mixed spice	3
Lemon Curd	1
Blanc Mange powder	1

All these samples proved to be genuine.

The undermentioned foodstuffs have been examined and condemned as unfit for human consumption.

25lb. Roast Beef.  
20lb. Minced Beef  
14 Tins Mandarin Oranges  
1 Tin White Grapes  
9 Tins Tomato Soup  
11 Tins Melon Ginger Jam  
2 Tins Kipperred Herrings  
3 Tins Pilchards  
11 Tins Salmon  
1 Tin Veal Loaf  
1 Tin Crab  
3 Tins Grape Fruit  
3 Tins Casserole Irish Steak  
1 Tin Minced Beef Loaf  
1 Tin Plums  
3 Tins Fruit  
6 cases 56lb. each Forces biscuits.

## SHOPS ACTS

The following is a list of shops in the District :-

21 Confectioners	14 Greengrocery and Fish
15 Butchers	1 Gowns
9 Boot and Shoe	9 Hairdressers
3 Chemists	9 Hardware
1 Corn Merchant	7 Newsagents
10 Drapery	1 Paint Varnish & Wallpaper
2 Electrical Goods	2 Second Hand dealers
11 Fried Fish and Chip	1 Tripe
1 Fancy Goods	1 Watch and Clock
25 Grocery & Provisions	7 Sweets and Tobacco.



Licensed premises.  
22 Public Houses.  
8 Clubs  
2 Off-licenses.

85 Visits have been made to shops during the year.

The shops are mainly family business except the Co-operative stores and a few multiple shops.

The provisions of the Shops Acts are being complied with.

#### SMOKE ABATEMENT

The industrial chimneys are kept under constant observation. 7 visits have been made to boiler plants.

Generally the firemen are making every effort to prevent the emission of large quantities of smoke but the grades of coal being used make the work more difficult.

With regard to the domestic smoke, the types of fuel being burned on the old inefficient type of grate is increasing the pollution of the atmosphere. It is hoped that with all new dwellinghouses the new type of smoke consuming grate will be fixed, and that in the near future where there is a replacement of the firegrate ~~and~~ this <sup>new</sup> type of firegrate will be fixed. To prevent some of the pollution from the domestic grate it would be an advantage if more smokeless fuels could be put on the market.

#### INFECTION AND DISINFECTION

There were 127 cases of Infectious Diseases notified during the year. These were :-

Measles	61
Scarlet Fever	19
Whooping Cough	38
Pneumonia	2
Tuberculosis	7

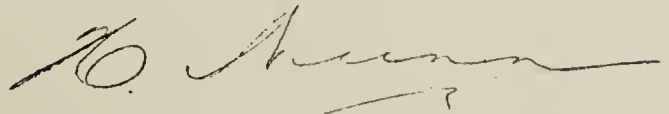
Of the 19 cases of Scarlet Fever 13 were removed to hospital. One case of Diphtheria was notified but this proved negative and the notification was withdrawn.

63 Rooms have been fumigated with Formaldehyde.

I wish to express my thanks to the Chairman and members of the Health Committee for their help and consideration in the exercise of my duties as Sanitary Inspector.

I am, Gentlemen,

Yours faithfully,



Sanitary Inspector. M.R.S.I.

M.S.I.A.





TABLE "A".

INSPECTIONS

Investigations of Infectious Diseases (notifiable)	127
No. of houses inspected	396
Re-inspections	462
Inspection of Factories	57
Inspection of Farms	246
Inspection of Bakehouses	58
Inspection of Food preparing premises	76
Inspection of Ice Cream shops	4
Inspection of Fried Fish and Chip Shops	14
Inspection of Factory Canteens	7
Inspection of Clubs	4
Inspection of Licensed premises	14
Visits to Schools	12
Visits to Boiler Plants	4
Visits to Tip	4
Visits to Rats and Mice	164
Drainage inspections	102
Offensive Trade Rag Sorter	1
Visits re applications for council houses	94
Visits to shops	85
Visits to Schools Feeding Centres	3
Visits to Day Nursery	3
Miscellaneous Visits	156
	<u>2,093</u>

TABLE "B"

NUISANCES ABATED

Roof	24
Ceiling plaster	7
Doors repaired	2
Rainwater pipes renewed	4
Percolations	4
Eavesgutters repaired	4
Drains relaid	1
Floor boards repaired	2
Window frames repaired, or renewed	9
Insufficient water supply	2
Wall plaster	6
Defective flues	6
Brickwork to W.C. Chamber repaired	1
Seat to Pail Closet repaired	1
Roof to pail closet repaired	1
Choked drains released	34
Dampness	1
Burst water pipes repaired	7
Dirty conditions	4
Defective fireranges repaired	2
Refuse removed	1
Tipper closet repaired	1
W.C. Pedestal renewed	1
Gable rebuilt	1
Overcrowding relieved	4
Ashbins renewed	200
Ashbins Provided	53
Pail closets converted	2
Additional W.C.'s provided	10
Rat Infestations	21
Mice Infestations	3
	<u>421</u>

